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## Applicability of LaNiO<sub>3</sub>-derived catalysts as dual function materials for CO<sub>2</sub> capture and in-situ conversion to methane

Integrated cyclic CO<sub>2</sub> capture and in-situ hydrogenation to CH<sub>4</sub> on dual function materials (DFMs) has attracted increasing interest in recent years, since it eliminates the costly CO<sub>2</sub> purification step that is required for CO<sub>2</sub> methanation on the continuous operation. The conventional DFMs are composed of a CO<sub>2</sub> storage material (such as, Ca, Na, Mg or K) and a metal (mainly Ni or Ru) that assists its methanation. However, Ni presents lower activity and stability than Ru, whereas its high cost is the main limitation of the latter. Considering this background, the aim of this work is to evaluate the applicability of supported LaNiO<sub>3</sub> perovskites, as precursors of efficient dual function materials for CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption and in-situ hydrogenation to methane.

Four DFMs, obtained after the controlled reduction of different perovskite-based precursor (30% LaNiO<sub>3</sub>/CeO<sub>2</sub>, 30% LaNiO<sub>3</sub>/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, 30% LaNiO<sub>3</sub>/La-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and LaNiO<sub>3</sub>), were prepared by combining citric acid and impregnation methods. The physico-chemical properties of the DFMs were determined by N<sub>2</sub> adsorption-desorption, XRD analysis, STEM-EDX images as well as H<sub>2</sub>-TPR, H<sub>2</sub>-TPD and CO<sub>2</sub>-TPD experiments. All temperature programmed experiments were monitored with a **Hiden Analytical HPR-20 EGA mass spectrometer**. CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption and hydrogenation cycles were carried out in a vertical stainless steel tubular reactor inside a 3-zone tube furnace. CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, CO and H<sub>2</sub>O concentrations were continuously monitored by FTIR during the CO<sub>2</sub> storage/capture period (10% CO<sub>2</sub>/Ar, 1 min) followed by its hydrogenation/methanation (10% H<sub>2</sub>/Ar, 2 min), with an intermediate Ar purge. The experiments were carried out with a flow rate of 1200 ml min<sup>-1</sup> on the pre-reduced sample (550 or 800°C, 2h), in the 280-520°C temperature range.



The Hiden Analytical HPR-20 EGA Mass Spectrometer in the Laboratory

Results of XRD analysis, STEM-EDX images, H<sub>2</sub>-TPD, H<sub>2</sub>-TPR and CO<sub>2</sub>-TPD experiments reveal that the DFM obtained after reduction of 30% LaNiO<sub>3</sub>/CeO<sub>2</sub> formulation shows the smallest Ni<sup>0</sup> particle size (7 nm) and the highest medium-strong basic sites concentration. As a result, this DFM widens the operational window with respect to those obtained from 30% LaNiO<sub>3</sub>/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, 30% Ref: AP-HPR-20-202319 Product: HPR-20 EGA



LaNiO<sub>3</sub>/La-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and LaNiO<sub>3</sub> formulation. Specifically, the resulting DFM maintains the methane production ranging between 80 and 103 µmol g<sup>-1</sup> and the selectivity towards methane above 90% in the range of 280-520 °C. Based on characterization results, the best catalytic behaviour is related to a better contact between the different nature basic sites and the homogenously distributed Ni<sup>0</sup> sites, which favours a fast spill-over of dissociated H to nearby CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption sites. Note that these properties are significantly promoted with respect to conventional DFMs. The applicability of this DFM is further evidenced by a highly stable CH<sub>4</sub> production during long-term experiments and a promoted Ni<sup>0</sup>/NiO reversibility in the absence/presence of O<sub>2</sub> during the CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption period, which allows a fast and complete recovery of CH<sub>4</sub> production in absence of O<sub>2</sub>. These aspects favour a versatile application of the 30% LaNiO<sub>3</sub>/CeO<sub>2</sub>-based DFM formulation to convert CO<sub>2</sub> outlet streams from combustion flue gases of different nature.

## Project summary by:

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## Paper Reference:

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Hiden Product: HPR-20 EGA